## Nadworna - Holocaust

NadvirnaCommunity:

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With the outbreak of World War II, Nadworna was occupied by the Soviet Army on September 20, , 330). However, in the first days of the Soviet invasion there were no <u>Pinkas Hakehilot</u>1939 ( authorities in Nadworna. Young Jews organized self-defense units, which patrolled the streets and to stop the plundering of houses and shops by local Ukrainian <u>Solotwin</u>even helped the Jews in , 150).<u>Sefer Nadvurna</u> peasants (Israel Carmi, "Tahat ha-kibush ha-sovieti,"

With the Soviet consolidation of power, the activity of the Jewish community and of all Jewish political organizations was prohibited.

After the attack of the German army on the Soviet Union, Nadworna was occupied by Hungarian , 330). Several representatives of Nadworna Jewry turned to <u>Pinkas Hakehilot</u>troops on July 1, 1941 ( the Hungarian military authorities in order to prevent attacks by the local Ukrainian population on Jews. Despite these efforts, a pogrom took place in mid-July 1941, and dozens of Jews were killed , 330). Ukrainian nationalists accused Jews of cooperating with the Soviets and of <u>Pinkas Hakehilot(</u> participating in the mass killings of Ukrainian prisoners in the forests around the town.

, 330). <u>Pinkas Hakehilot</u>In September 1941, Nadworna passed over to the German occupation zone ( Nadworna Jews were ordered to wear white bandages with the Star of David and to supply <u>Dr. Maximilian</u> was Judenrat)individuals for forced labor. The head of the Nadworna Jewish Council ( , 330).<u>Pinkas Hakehilot(Yitzhak Schapira</u> and his deputy was <u>Schal</u>

The first "action" took place on October 6, 1941. More then 2,000 Jews were collected by the local Ukrainian police and brutally murdered in the Bukovinka forest next to the town. Jews from the Nadworna region and Jewish refugees from the Carpato-Rus area that were expelled to Nadworna by Hungarians just a month before the "action" were also among those who perished in the Bukovinka , 330).<u>Hakehilot</u> *Pinkas*forest (

Two ghettos were established in Nadworna in the spring of 1942: one for those who were able to work in forced labor brigades and another one for those who were not capable of working. Jews were , 330). Living <u>Pinkas Hakehilot</u>forbidden to move between the ghettos after April 30, 1942 ( conditions were horrible in both ghettos but residents of the second one were the immediate target for extermination.

were arrested and taken to the *Judenrat* and members of Dr. Maximilian Schal In August 1942, Gestapo Office in Stanislawow where they were tortured and accused of issuing permits to Jews to work outside of Nadworna. They returned to the town but the Jews were forced to pay a contribution , 331).Pinkas Hakehilotof 25,000 złoty (it grew to 28,000 złoty) to secure their release (

Most of the Jews of Nadworna and the region were murdered in the "actions" of the fall of 1942. Some of them were sent to Stanislawow where they were murdered later with Jews from other places , 331).<u>Pinkas Hakehilot(</u>

Nadworna was liberated by the Soviet Army on July 26, 1944. Only handful of Nadworna Jews , 331). <u>Pinkas Hakehilot</u>survived the Holocaust (

<u>Nadworna - after WWII</u> Further reading:

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